

[MAY, MDCCLXVI.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA
AND COUNTRY

Containing the freshest Advices,

THE



[NUMB. 23.]

GAZETTE;
JOURNAL.

both Foreign and Domestic.

T U E S D A Y, MAY 20, 1766.

The following are Copies of the several Petitions agreed on, and transmitted from the late General Congress at New-York, to the King's most excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, agreeable to the Instructions given the Commissioners from the several Colonies.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Petition of the Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of the Massachusetts-Bay, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantations, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, the Government of the Counties of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, upon Delaware, Province of Maryland, &c.

Most Humbly Sheweth,

THAT the Inhabitants of these Colonies, unanimously devoted with the warmest Sentiments of Duty and Affection to your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, inviolably attached to the present happy Establishment of the Protestant Succession in your illustrious House, and deeply sensible of your Royal Attention to their Prosperity and Happiness, humbly beg Leave to approach the Throne, by representing to your Majesty, that these Colonies were originally planted by Subjects of the British Crown, who, animated with the Spirit of Liberty, encouraged by your Majesty's Royal Predecessors, and confiding in the publick Faith for the Enjoyment of all the Rights and Liberties essential to Freemen, emigrated from their native Country to this Continent, and by their successful Perseverance in the midst of innumerable Dangers and Difficulties, together with a Profusion of their Blood and Treasure, have happily added these vast and valuable Dominions to the Empire of Great-Britain.

That for the Enjoyment of these Rights and Liberties, several Governments were early formed in the said Colonies, with full Power of Legislation, agreeable to the Principles of the English Constitution.

That under those Governments, these Liberties, thus vested in their Ancestors, and transmitted to their Posterity, have been exercised and enjoyed, and by the inestimable Blessings thereof, under the Favour of Almighty God, the inhospitable Deserts of America have been converted into flourishing Countries: Science, Humanity, and the Knowledge of divine Truths, diffused through remote Regions of Ignorance, Infidelity and Barbarism; the Number of British Subjects wonderfully increased, and the Wealth and Power of Great-Britain proportionably augmented.

That the Success of these Settlements, and the unparalleled Success of your Majesty's Arms, a Foundation is now laid for rendering the British Empire the most extensive and powerful of any recorded in History; our Connection with this Empire, we esteem our greatest Happiness and Security, and humbly conceive it may now be so established by your Royal Wisdom, as to endure to the latest Period of Time. This, with most humble Submission to your Majesty, we apprehend will be most effectually accomplished, by fixing the Pillars thereof on Liberty and Justice, and securing the inherent Rights and Liberties of your Subjects here, upon the Principles of the English Constitution. To this Constitution these two Principles are essential, the Right of your faithful Subjects freely to grant to your Majesty such Aids as are required for the Support of your Government over them, and other publick Exigences, and Trials by their Peers. By the one, they are secured from unreasonable Impositions, and by the other, from arbitrary Decisions of the executive Power. The Continuation of these Liberties to the Inhabitants of America, we ardently implore, as absolutely necessary to unite the several Parts of your wide extended Dominions in that Harmony, so essential to the Preservation and Happiness of the whole. Protected in these Liberties, the Emoluments Great-Britain receives from us, however great at present, are inconsiderable, compared with those she has the fairest Prospect of acquiring. By this Protection, she will for ever secure to herself the Advantage of conveying to all Europe the Merchandizes which America furnishes, and of supplying through the same Channel whatever is wanted from thence. Here opens a boundless Source of Wealth, and Naval Strength; yet these immense Advantages, by the Abridgment of those invaluable Rights and Liberties, by which our Growth has been nourished, are in Danger of being for ever lost, and our subordinate Legislatures in Effect rendered useless, by the late Acts of Parliament, imposing Duties and Taxes on these Colonies, and extending the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Admiralty here, beyond its ancient Limits; Statutes by which your Majesty's Commons in Britain undertake absolutely to dispose of the Property of their Fellow Subjects in America, without their Consent, and for the enforcing whereof, they are subjected to the Determination of a single Judge, in a Court unrestrained by the wise Rules of the Common Law, the Birthright of Englishmen, and the Safeguard of their Persons and Properties.

The invaluable Rights of taxing ourselves, and of Trial by our Peers, of which we implore your Majesty's Protection, are not, we must humbly conceive, unconstitutional, but confirmed by the Great Charter of English Liberty. On the first of these Rights, the Honourable the House of Commons found their Practice of originating Money Bills, a Right enjoyed by the Kingdom of Ireland, by the Clergy of England, until relinquished by themselves; a Right in fine, which all your Majesty's English Subjects, both within and without the Realm, have hitherto enjoyed.

With Hearts therefore impressed with the most indelible Characters of Gratitude to your Majesty, and to the Memory of the Kings of your illustrious House, whose Reigns have been signally distinguished by their auspicious Influence on the Prosperity of the British Dominions; and convinced by the most affecting Proofs of your Majesty's Paternal Love to all your People, however distant, and your increasing and

benevolent Desires to promote their Happiness; we most humbly beseech your Majesty, that you will be graciously pleased to take into your Royal Consideration, the Distresses of your faithful Subjects, on this Continent, and to lay the same before your Majesty's Parliament, and to afford them such Relief, as in your Royal Wisdom, their unhappy Circumstances shall be judged to require.

And your Petitioners, as in Duty bound, will pray, &c. Signed, JAMES OTIS, OLIVER PARTRIDGE, Commissioners from the House of Representatives of his Majesty's Province of Massachusetts-Bay.

HENRY WARD, METCALF BOWLER, Commissioners from the Colony of Rhode-Island.

HENDRICK FISHER, JOSEPH BORDEN, Commissioners from New-Jersey.

JOHN MORTON, GEORGE BRYAN, Commissioners from Pennsylvania.

CESAR RODNEY, THOMAS M'KEAN, Commissioners from the Lower Counties on Delaware.

WILLIAM MURDOCK, EDWARD TILGHMAN, THOMAS RINGGOLD, Commissioners from Maryland.

To the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of Great-Britain, in Parliament assembled.

The Memorial of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Massachusetts-Bay, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantations, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, the Government of the Counties of New-Castle, Kent, and Sussex upon Delaware, Province of Maryland, &c.

Most Humbly Sheweth,

THAT his Majesty's liege Subjects, in his American Colonies, though they acknowledge a due Subordination to that august Body, the British Parliament, are intitled, in the humble Opinion of your Memorialists, to all the inherent Rights and Liberties of the Natives of Great-Britain, and have ever since the Settlement of the said Colonies exercised those Rights and Liberties, as far as their local Circumstances would permit.

That your Memorialists humbly conceive one of the most essential Rights of these Colonists, which they have ever till lately uninterruptedly enjoyed, to be, Trial by Jury.

That your Memorialists also humbly conceive another of these essential Rights, to be the Exemption from all Taxes but such as are imposed on the People by the several Legislatures, in those Colonies, which Right also they have, till of late, freely enjoyed. But your Memorialists humbly beg Leave to represent to your Lordships, that the Act for granting certain Stamp Duties, in the British Colonies in America, &c. fills his Majesty's American Subjects with the deepest Concern, as it tends to deprive them of the two fundamental, and invaluable Rights and Liberties above mentioned, and that several other late Acts of Parliament, which extend the Jurisdiction and Powers of Courts of Admiralty in the Plantations, beyond their Limits in Great-Britain, thereby make an unnecessary and unhappy Distinction as to the Modes of Trial between us and our Fellow Subjects there, by whom we never have been excelled in Duty and Loyalty to our Sovereign.

That from the natural Connection between Great-Britain and America, the perpetual Continuance of which your Memorialists most ardently desire, they conceive that nothing can conduce more to the Interest of both, than the Colonists free Enjoyment of their Rights and Liberties, and an affectionate Intercourse between Great-Britain and them. But your Memorialists (not waving their Claim to these Rights, of which, with the most becoming Veneration and Deference to the Wisdom and Justice of your Lordships, they apprehend they cannot reasonably be deprived) humbly represent, that from the peculiar Circumstances of these Colonies, the Duties imposed by the aforesaid Acts, and several other late Acts of Parliament, are extremely grievous and burthensome, and the Payment of the said Duties will very soon, for want of Specie, become absolutely impracticable; and that the Restrictions on Trade by the said Acts, will not only greatly distress the Colonies, but must be extremely detrimental to the Trade and true Interest of Great-Britain.

Your Memorialists therefore, impressed with a just Sense of the unfortunate Circumstances of the Colonies, the impending destructive Consequences which must necessarily ensue from the Execution of these Acts, and animated with the warmest Sentiments of filial Affection for their Mother-Country, most earnestly and humbly entreat, that your Lordships will be pleased to hear their Council, in Support of this Memorial, and take the Petitioners into your most serious Consideration; and that your Lordships will also be thereupon pleased to pursue such Measures for restoring the just Rights and Liberties of the Colonies, and preserving them for ever inviolate, for redressing the present, and preventing future Grievances, thereby promoting the united Interest of Great-Britain and America, as to your Lordships, in your great Wisdom, shall seem most conducive and effectual to that important End.

And your Memorialists will pray, &c.

[Signed as the other.]

To the Honourable the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses of Great-Britain, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of his Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Colonies of the Massachusetts-Bay, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantations, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, the Government of the Counties of New-Castle, Kent, and Sussex upon Delaware, Maryland, &c.

Most Humbly Sheweth,

THAT the several late Acts of Parliament, imposing divers Duties and Taxes on the Colonies, and laying the

Trade and Commerce thereof under very burthensome Restrictions, but above all, the Act for granting and applying certain Stamp Duties, &c. in America, have filled them with the deepest Concern and Surprise, and they humbly conceive the Execution of those Acts will be attended with Consequences very injurious to the commercial Interest of Great-Britain and her Colonies, and must terminate in the eventual Ruin of the latter. Your Petitioners therefore most ardently implore the Attention of the Honourable House, to the united and dutiful Representations of their Circumstances, and to their earnest Supplications for Relief from those Regulations which have already involved this Continent in Anxiety, Confusion and Distress.

We most sincerely recognize our Allegiance to the Crown, and acknowledge all due Subordination to the Parliament of Great-Britain, and shall always retain the most grateful Sense of their Assistance and Protection. It is from, and under the English Constitution, we derive all our civil and religious Rights and Liberties; we glory in being Subjects of the best of Kings, and in having been born under the most perfect Form of Government. But it is with most ineffable and humiliating Sorrow, that we find ourselves of late deprived of the Right of granting our own Property for his Majesty's Service, to which our Lives and Fortunes are entirely devoted, and to which, on his Royal Requisitions, we have ever been ready to contribute, to the utmost of our Abilities. We have also the Misfortune to find, that all the Penalties and Forfeitures mentioned in the Stamp-Act, and in divers late Acts of Trade, extending to the Plantations, are, at the Election of the Informer, recoverable in any Court of Admiralty in America. This as the newly erected Court of Admiralty has a general Jurisdiction over all British America, renders his Majesty's Subjects in these Colonies, liable to be carried, at an immense Expence, from one End of the Continent to the other. It gives us also great Pain to see a manifest Distinction made therein, between the Subjects of the Mother-Country, and those in the Colonies, in that the like Penalties and Forfeitures recoverable there, only in his Majesty's Courts of Record, are made cognizable here, by a Court of Admiralty; by this Means, we seem to be, in Effect, unhappily deprived of two Privileges essential to Freedom, and which all Englishmen have ever considered as their best Birthrights, that of being free from all Taxes, but such as they have consented to in Person, or by their Representatives, and of Trial by their Peers.

Your Petitioners further shew, that the remote Situation, and other local Circumstances of the Colonies, render it impracticable that they should be represented, but in their respective subordinate Legislatures, and they humbly conceive that the Parliament, adhering strictly to the Principles of the Constitution, have never hitherto taxed any, but those who were actually therein represented. For this Reason, we humbly apprehend, they never have taxed Ireland, or any other of the Subjects without the Realm. But were it ever so clear that the Colonies might in Law be reasonably deemed to be represented in the Honourable House of Commons, yet we conceive that very good Reasons, from Inconvenience from the Principles of true Policy, and from the Spirit of the British Constitution, may be adduced to show, that it would be for the real Interest of Great-Britain, as well as her Colonies, that the late Regulations should be rescinded, and the several Acts of Parliament, imposing Duties and Taxes on the Colonies, and extending the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Admiralty here, beyond their ancient Limits, should be repealed.

We shall not attempt a minute Detail of all the Reasons which the Wisdom of the Honourable House may suggest on this Occasion, but would humbly submit the following Particulars to their Consideration.

That Money is already become very scarce in these Colonies, and is still decreasing by the necessary Exportation of Specie from the Continent, for the Discharge of our Debts to the British Merchants.

That an immensely heavy Debt is yet due from the Colonies for British Manufactures, and that they are still heavily burdened with Taxes, to discharge the Arrearages due for Aids granted by them in the late War. That the Balance of Trade will ever be much against the Colonies, and in Favour of Great-Britain, whilst we consume her Manufactures, the Demand for which, must ever increase, in Proportion to the Number of Inhabitants settled here, with the Means of purchasing them. We therefore humbly conceive it to be the Interest of Great-Britain to increase rather than to diminish those Means, as the Profits of all the Trade of the Colonies ultimately center there, to pay for her Manufactures, as we are not allowed to purchase them elsewhere; and by the Consumption of which, at the advanced Prices the British Taxes oblige the Makers and Venders to set on them, we eventually contribute very largely to the Revenue of the Crown.

That from the Nature of American Business, the Multiplicity of Suits and Papers used in Matters of small Value, in a Country where Freeholders are so minutely divided, and Property so frequently transferred, a Stamp Duty must ever be very burthensome and unequal. That it is extremely improbable that the Honourable House of Commons should at all Times be thoroughly acquainted with our Condition, and all Facts requisite to a just and equal Taxation of the Colonies.

It is also humbly submitted, whether there be not a material Distinction, in Reason and sound Policy, at least, between the necessary Exercise of Parliamentary Jurisdiction in general Acts for the Amendment of the Common Law, and the Regulation of the Trade and Commerce thro' the whole Empire, and the Exercise of that Jurisdiction by imposing Taxes on the Colonies.

That the several subordinate Provincial Legislatures have been moulded into Forms, as nearly resembling that of the Mother-Country, as by his Majesty's Royal Predecessors was thought convenient; and these Legislatures seem to have been wisely and judiciously established, that the Subjects in the Colonies might, under the due Administration thereof, enjoy the happy Fruits of the British Government, which, in their present Circumstances, they cannot be so full and clearly entitled to any other Way.

Under these Forms of Government, we and our Ancestors have been born or settled, and have had our Lives, Liberties and Properties protected. The People here, as every where else, retain a great Fondness for their old Customs and Usages, and we trust that his Majesty's Service, and the Interest of the Nation, so far from being obstructed, have been vastly promoted by the Provincial Legislatures.

That we esteem our Connections with, and Dependence on Great-Britain, as one of our greatest Blessings, and apprehend the latter will appear to be sufficiently secure, when it is considered, that the Inhabitants in the Colonies have the most unbounded Affection for his Majesty's Person, Family and Government, as well as for the Mother-Country, and that their general Subordination to the Parliament is universally acknowledged.

We therefore most humbly intreat, that the Honourable House would be pleased to hear our Council, in Support of this Petition, and take our distressed and deplorable Case into their serious Consideration; and that the Acts, and Clauses of Acts, so grievously restraining our Trade and Commerce, imposing Duties and Taxes on our Property, and extending the Jurisdiction of the Court of Admiralty beyond its ancient Limits, may be repealed, or that the Honourable House would otherwise relieve your Petitioners as in your great Wisdom and Goodness shall seem meet.

And your Petitioners, as in Duty bound shall ever pray, &c.

(Signed as the others.)

N. B. The Commissioners from Connecticut; Eliphalet Dyer, David Rowland, and William Samuel Johnson, Esqrs. from New-York; Robert R. Livingston, John Cruger, Philip Livingston, William Bayard, and Leonard Lispenard, Esqrs. from South-Carolina; Thomas Lynch, Christopher Gadsden, and John Rutledge, Esqrs. were not empowered to sign at the Congress, and therefore reported to their respective Assemblies, who have since each nearly by an unanimous Vote approved of the Proceedings, and seasonably transmitted their Petitions in the same Words, under the Hands of their several Speakers. Some of the other Provincials, particularly New-Hampshire, have done the same. Robert Ogden, Esq. from New-Jersey, and the Honourable Timothy Ruggles, Esq. from Massachusetts, for Reasons best known to themselves, if they had any, refused to sign, and abruptly left the Congress before the Business was completed. John Dickinson, Esq. was necessarily called Home a few Days before the Congress finished, but there was no Doubt in the Minds of any, but he was a sincere Friend to his Country. His Province have the highest Opinion of him, as all who know him must. To avoid all Disputes about Precedency, and to promote Harmony, it was agreed in Voting, and in the Proceedings, to begin at one End of the Continent, and go through; only at the Massachusetts first proposed the Measure, the Compliment was paid them by the Gentlemen of the other Colonies of placing them first; but it was merely a Compliment, and it is to be hoped that on all future Occasions, when this, the Colonies will consider themselves on the same footing, without the least Claim of Pre-eminence over the other.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

It is said a body of monied gentlemen in this city, have agreed to lend the government a large sum, on very advantageous terms, when the commercial interest and tranquility of North-America shall be re-established.

Letters from Birmingham say, that as soon as the news relating to the stamp-act arrived there on Sunday, the bells were instantly set a ringing, other demonstrations of joy shewn in the different parts of the town, and some hundreds of journey-men artificers, who had been long unemployed, were immediately engaged again for the different manufactures carried on at that place.

Letters from Bristol and Liverpool mention, that there were great rejoicings in those cities on receiving the news relative to the stamp-act.

A certain northern court, well known for the boldness of its enterprises, it is said, is now borrowing a large sum of money among our merchants; for which we conjecture something new is on the tapis of consequence to the general interest of Europe.

It is now talked that the sum of three millions will be raised by life annuities, and a lottery.

More business has been carried on at the wharfs and keys on the river Thames, this week, than has been done in any four weeks put together since October last.

The report of a Spanish war is now so current at London, that several merchants who have effects there, have made insurance on them; one house in particular made out a policy for ten thousand pounds value.

MARCH 6. Yesterday a body of two hundred members of the house of commons carried up the bill to the house of peers, for repealing the American stamp-act. An instance of such a number going up with a single bill, has not been known in the memory of man.

Both houses of parliament adjourned from yesterday till to-morrow.

Great debates are expected to-morrow in a noble assembly, on an important affair now depending.

It is said a bill for the better securing the dependency of the colonies on the mother country, is in agitation.

It is said the subject of establishing a mint for the coining of silver money at New-York, for the better regulation of American currency, will soon be brought under consideration.

About 11 o'clock on Thursday night a gentleman was so certain of the determination of an important affair, that he backed his opinion by the offer of 250 l. against 125 l.

Intelligence extraordinary.—A person of considerable eminence is said to be preparing the heads of a bill to be laid before a great august assembly;—in which, among other things, it will be proposed to be enacted, that no American shall presume to eat, drink or sleep, for the space of one whole year.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.

The *Snow Nancy*, Master Kerr, left Bristol the 17th of January, and King-Road the 3d of February following, bound for this Port; about the Beginning of March they fell in with the Ship *Ann*, John Jones, Master, of and from

Rhode-Island, bound for Jamaica, but being in great Distress, Captain Kerr took said Jones and his People on board the *Snow*, and proceeded on his Voyage until the 5th Instant, when he got Soundings in 25 Fathom Water at Six in the Evening, and by Observation had that Day he went to the Southward of Cape Hinchin, and stood a N. N. W. Course until 12 o'Clock, when he laid the *Snow* on in 25 Fathom Water. At Four o'Clock in the Morning the *Ann* on Herford Bar, about 17 Miles to the Northward of Cape May, being carried thither, as is supposed, by a strong Current, for the Captain and others on board judged they were on the Overfalls in the Mouth of our Bay, and endeavoured by filling the Sails, to press her over, but soon found their Mistake by seeing the Land very near to them. On this June of the People, contrary to the Captain's Orders, cut away the Masts, and others got into the Boats, cut the Grips, and the *Snow* soon awaked them overboard, then cutting off slipping the Fast, drove to the Shore, where four Men landed, viz. Hutchison the Carpenter, Magnus Sinclair, John Gowers, and John Stanbury, which were all that were saved out of twenty eight Persons, for the Wind blowing a violent hard Gale by this Time, at N. E. and N. E. and by N. no Assistance could be given them from the Shore, the Vessel unfortunately becalmed off towards the Sea, which broke over her 30 Feet high, and the distressed People obliged to continue on her Deck until Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, hanging by the Quarter Deck Rails and upper Gunnel, &c. as she lay on her Beam End; but at low Water they made a Raft, and, as is supposed, all got on it, expecting the Tide of Flood to drive them on Shore, the Raft came there well secured; and a Henkoope lashed to the upper Part, with their Clothes stuffed in it, coming ashore underneath the Raft, showed it had overjet, and the People all perished; twelve of their Bodies have since been found, and decently buried. The Persons drowned by this unfortunate Wreck, are Captain Walter Kerr, John Oliver, his Mate, Fortescue, an Apprentice, and five others of the Ship's Crew. John Jones, Master, Andrew Mason, Mate, John Brown, David Mattoey, and Peleg Wood, all of the Ship *Ann*, taken up at Sea. Captain William Wilson, his Wife and Child, Captain John Corjer, Mr. Robert Smith, (a young Lad, Brother to the Reverend Doctor Smith) of this Place. The Reverend Mr. Wilson, the Reverend Mr. Giles, of New-York, Mr. Motte, a Tanner, of Connecticut, and the Master and two Mates of a Rhode-Island Brig, that was pld in Bristol, Names forgot. No Letters or Papers have been found, and very little of the Vessel or Cargo saved. Upon the Whole, the Circumstances of this Affair make it one of the most melancholy Leses that ever happened on this Coast.

Captain Brown from St. Eustatia informs us, that on the 22th February, the Brig *Porgy*, Captain Bassett, the Brig— Captain Jennings, Sloop— Captain Stiles, and a Sloop unknown, all of and from Bermuda, sailed from St. Eustatia for Salteruda, where they arrived safe, and had got Part of their Cargoes of Salt on board, when they were visited by some Spanish Fishermen, who in a Day or two, after having been on board them all, and viewed their Strength, went off, and, it is supposed, informed the Spaniards on the Main, who immediately dispatched two Guarda Costa Sloops, who seized and carried off the two Brigs, and Captain Stiles's Sloop, and the other Sloop having cut her Cables, got off, and arrived safe at St. Kitts.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 1.

Extract of a letter from London, dated Feb. 26.

"Doctor Franklin, as one thoroughly acquainted with the colonies, when at the bar of the house of commons, pawned his credit to parliament, that all would be composed and quieted in America, as soon as they heard that the stamp-act was repealed, and their grievances in commerce and currency redressed; and that this country will, on all future occasions, find them faithful, dutiful, and loving subjects."

Extract of a Letter from an eminent Clergyman in London, dated Feb. 27, 1766.

"Mr. Franklin spoke very heartily and judiciously, in his country's behalf, when at the bar of the house of commons."

NEW-YORK, APRIL 24.

The following is a copy of Grenville's motion in the house for enforcing the act. He was supported by 234, among whom were, Sir C----- H-----y, [in return for the kindness and respect shewn him in America] and Ger Ab-----y, [the hero of Ticonderoga] 294 opposed the motion.

Mr. Grenville's Motion in the House of Commons.

"That it is the opinion of this committee, that an humble address be presented to his majesty, in consequence of the above resolutions, to express the indignation and concern of the house, at the dangerous tumults and insurrections, which have been raised, inflamed and carried on, in several of the colonies in North-America, whereby the execution of a British act of parliament has been actually defeated, the powers and dignity of his majesty's government set at defiance, and the legal, constitutional dependence of the said colonies on Great-Britain, impaired and violated. To express our entire confidence in his majesty's royal wisdom and firmness, that he will give effectual orders, and take all proper measures for preventing any attempt of the like dangerous nature for the future, and for carrying into execution all laws and statutes relative to the said colonies and plantations, enacted by the supreme legislature of these kingdoms; to recommend to his majesty's protection and favour, his loyal and dutiful subjects in North America, who have manifested their desire to comply with, and to assist in the execution of the act passed in the last session of parliament, for imposing certain duties of stamps in the said colonies, and with the other statutes of the realm; and to assure his majesty, that this house will in a parliamentary way, firmly and steadily support his majesty in all such measures as shall be necessary for vindicating the rights of parliament, and for restoring order and tranquility to the colonies."

"After many long and warm speeches upon the above motion, about ten o'clock, when the house were almost worried out, old General HOWARD stood up, at his martial appearance, a profound silence ensued, he spoke (I don't pretend to give you the words, only the substance) to this effect, "that he shuddered at the unnatural motion; he hoped in God it would not succeed, lest he should be ordered to execute it; and before he would embrace his hand in the blood of his countrymen, who were contending for English liberty, he would, if ordered, draw his sword, but would sooner sheath it in his own body."-----Secretary Conway said, though not at the same time, that he would sooner cut off his right arm, than sign an order for soldiers to enforce the act."

NEW-YORK, April 28.

Extract of a letter from a member of Parliament, dated February 8, 1766.

"Keep but your temper, and a decent carriage to government, and your mother-country, and I am persuaded all will go well, and every grievance be redressed, the Stamp-Act be repealed, or submitted down to nothing, and great good arise to America out of the present evil. Mr. PITT, by his power and eloquence, has turned the scale for you. He has pleaded for you; as though you were his children; that tho' your riots were indefensible, there is an allowance to be made for men stung with great wrongs, insinuating that it would be of the magnanimity of the mother-country, to pardon and overlook them."

"He would take off all your restraints in trade, and open every port to you in the West-Indies, under proper regulations. Have but a little temper and patience, abstain from violence and riots, and I am persuaded all will go to your wish. But for God's sake regulate the people, and hold them in, that they do not hurt a good cause. I verily believe, if no fresh incidents of an untoward nature arise among you, to inflame people's minds here, every thing will end much to the satisfaction of the colonies. I am by principle an advocate for all your rights; for your enjoying every species of liberty that we enjoy, consistent with the supremacy of the mother-country; and you may be sure you have many faithful guardians of all your rights, among the English gentry, who have the honour to serve their country in Parliament, who know, that if any thing arbitrary be admitted among you, the contagion would soon communicate itself hither, to the abridgement of their own liberties."

From another gentleman, London, Feb. 11, 1766.

"Letters, relations, &c. from your side of the water, do more mischief than you can imagine: Your chance of a repeal depends on the duration of this ministry. Their plan is to bring it about out of regard to our own manufacturers; your outrages render it impracticable on any other footing: And after all, if you obtain your end, why not disregard the means? Your high proclamations of rights render your enemy powerful, and the interposition of your friends ineffectual. The Commons have been this day examining merchants to the allegations of their petitions, with a view to the repeal; and it is the declared intention of the administration to effect it, if they can, but in the mean time cabals are forming, and they are threatened to be over-ruled by the old prevailing party. I wish there was an embargo upon letters. Fresh information may obstruct the good intended you. If possible, refrain the violence of your people, and all may be well."

From another letter from a member of Parliament, Feb. 21.

"All goes well! We carried the question for the repeal this morning at two o'clock, by 275 against 167. I hope the business is decided now, and that there is nothing to be feared in the Lords house. Mr. PITT came in on crutches (both legs wrapped in flannel) for your Service: He bore Testimony for you, and said it out. I was there 12 hours, tho' ill of a cold; was it not for the victory, I could scarce hold up. But be full and strong in expressions of gratitude to the mother-country, and depend upon it, you will not suffer from her. I hope every evil will be removed from you, and peace and contentment as usual, be soon fully restored to you. You have good advocates among the Lords. Besides Lord Camden, you have Lord Gower, and Lord Marchmont, two men of parts and knowledge; and there are more I do not name: They are known."

A letter from the committee of merchants in London, trading to North-America, directed to the merchants in New-York, dated February 28, 1766.

GENTLEMEN,

AFTER much anxiety, we have at length the pleasure to acquaint you that a bill is now in the house of commons, for repealing the stamp-act: It was read the second time yesterday.

We also look forward to some beneficial regulations and extensions of the trade of America; which we hope may be obtained in the course of this session of parliament, during which the most serious attention and application shall take place on our part, to every point which may tend to the public good.

Permit us now, Gentlemen, to lay before you our sentiments on the present state of affairs, to submit them to your good judgment, and to request, that, so far as they agree with it, you will be pleased to inculcate the propriety of the conduct we recommend.

It has been a constant argument against the repeal; that in case it should take place, the parliamentary vote of right, will be waste paper; and that the colonies will understand very well, that what is pretended to be adopted, on mere commercial principles of expedience, is really yielding through fear; and amounts to a tacit but effectual surrender of its right, or at least to a tacit compact that it will never use it.

In this line of argument every debate and every question from opposition has run.—How material, how necessary therefore is it, that the event should not support, or even seem to support those arguments.

The event will justify these arguments in the strongest manner, if the colonies should triumph on the repeal, and affect to cease yielding of parliament, as a point gained over parliamentary authority.—The opposition (from whom the colonies have suffered so much) would throw in the teeth of our friends,—See your work—it is as we said, it is not so well proved what the Colonies make of your weak and timid Measures. On the contrary, if duty, submission, and gratitude, be the returns made by the Colonies, then our friends may exult, they may say,—We are in the right,—is it not as we said? See the colonies regained to this country by our moderation.—regained with their Loyalty, their Affections, and their Trade.

It is needless to say how extremely preferable the latter supposition is to the first; how much more desirable for this Country and for the Colonies.

You must be sensible what Friends the Colonies have had in the present Ministry, and are doubtless informed what pains they have taken to serve them: It is justice likewise to them, to inform you that they have had great difficulties to encounter in the cause, the principal of which was unhappily thrown in by the Colonies themselves, we mean the intemperate proceedings of various ranks of people on your side of the water; and the difficulties of the repeal would have been much less, if they had not by their violence in word and action, awakened the honour of Parliament, and thereby involved every friend of the repeal into the imputation of betraying the dignity of Parliament. This is so true, that the act could certainly not have been repealed,

had not men's minds been in some measure satisfied with the declaration of right. If therefore, you would make the proper returns to your Country, if you have a mind to do credit to your friends, and strengthen the hands of your advocates, hasten, we beseech you, to express filial duty and gratitude to your parent Country: Then will those who have been (and while they have the power we doubt not will be) your friends, plume themselves on the restoration of peace to the Colonies, union, trade, and reciprocal advantages to them and us: But if violent measures are continued, and triumphs on the point gained: If it is talked of as a victory; if it is said the Parliament have yielded up the right; then seek your enemies here will have a complete triumph: Your Tax-Masters probably restored; your friends must certainly lose all power to serve you, and such a train of ill consequences follow, as are easier for you to imagine than for us to describe; at least such measures on your side will greatly tend to produce these effects: We have no doubt that you will adopt the contrary conduct, and inculcate it to the utmost of your influence, to which we sincerely wish the most extensive regard may be paid, and that uninterrupted mutual affection may continue between Great-Britain and her Colonies, to the latest ages.

We are, Gentlemen, yours, &c.

[The above Letter was signed by thirty principal Merchants, residing in London.]

NEW-YORK, MAY 5.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Feb. 14, 1766.

How precarious is the fate of nations; how unstable our precarious privileges; how narrow our late escape from utter ruin, and everlasting destruction as an empire: It is the opinion of every man, that had not a PITT lived, we must have tottered to the ground, for all our other sons of liberty would have been too weak to stand the torrents of corruption, prejudice, and ignorance, which they are obliged to fight against; but this glorious man, stimulated by the love of justice and love of liberty, when our cause was desperate and unfashionable, when no other person dare espouse it, this man (suffer me to say, this guardian angel of our country) stood forth, and alone did not blush to be our advocate; he told his countrymen in full assembly, they had abused their power by exerting it over a brave and free people, who deserved better treatment: He, without ceremony or reserve, declared the stamp-act unjust, unreasonable, and highly oppressive in its nature, and must be attended with the worst of consequences: He declared his brother Mr. Grenville, had never done one thing in all his administration that was any ways material, but what was directly contrary to the true interest of Great-Britain; that he should have had a mean opinion of the Americans, had they submitted to such unconstitutional taxes; and for two or three hours thus supported our sinking dying cause, to the astonishment of friends and enemies. Was it not nobly done thus to despise royal favour, popularity, friends, favourites, relations and parties; grapple with a disease which has well nigh sapped his constitution; spend so many days and painful hours; suffer himself to be baited, rallied, and buffeted by insulting adversaries; that he might once more save us from fell destruction? In short, he was the great Roman orator; the honest English senator, and the American enthusiast, all in one, for Cicero could not exceed him in eloquence; Hamden in integrity and coolness, or the warmest American in the love of Liberty.

"I must not forget Lord Camden, (who is supposed the next in judgment and ability to our hero) for he nobly appeared our friend, as well as most of the present ministry, who Mr. Pitt was pleased to call honest good servants."

BOSTON, April 21.

By a gentleman who came passenger in Captain Jacobson, we are favoured with the following authentic account of a bill having passed the House of Commons for the repealing the STAMP-ACT, viz. "That on February 21st, the house met, at which time there were great debates relative to the right of Parliament in taxing the Americans; and about two o'clock on Saturday morning (the 22d) the question was put for repealing or continuing the Stamp-Act, and on the house being divided, the number for repealing was 275, those against it were 176, so there was a majority of 103 for repealing the act. On Monday morning the 24th of February, Mr. G. took an opportunity when most of the members (who on the Saturday morning before were for repealing the act) were absent, to make a motion that the bill might be re-committed to a committee of the whole house; which some of the absent members soon heard of, and immediately sent messengers, and wrote letters to their friends, which brought them directly to the house; soon after which the question was put, and the house divided, and on counting the numbers for and against repealing the act, they found that there was the same majority for repealing that there was the Saturday before. On Monday the third of March, the bill was engrossed, and on Tuesday the 4th, it was read a third time in the House of Commons, and passed there by a majority of 123. On Wednesday the 5th, it was carried to the house of Lords, and read, where it met with a very favourable Reception. It was on Thursday the 6th, read a second time, and it was thought would pass at the third reading, and meet with the Royal Assent before the end of the next week."

BOSTON, APRIL 22.

Extract of a Letter from a Reverend Divine in London, dated March 3, 1766.

"Blessed be God, the act is repealed, after a terrible struggle. O that Boston, that America may be truly thankful and humble, and frugal, and not insult the parliament in their rejoicings, for that would render you odious to those who have been your firm friends. Thus much I am authorized by Dr. C. to write, who was desired by the ministry to write to his friends to the same purpose."

A merchant in London, in a letter of the 4th of March, writes to the following purport: "That G. v. n. r. B. r. n. d's papers, setting forth the bad consequences of imposing the Stamp-act, were smuggled by Mr. G. v. n. r. B. r. n. d, and never intended to be laid before the parliament; and that G. v. n. r. B. r. n. d's conduct was greatly called in question for want of spirit, but those letters coming to light, (which are really well wrote) turn the tide of affairs again in his favour."

Another letter from London, says, "Mr. Bernard's letters to the public offices have been read in both houses of parliament, and have not only done great credit to himself, but contributed much to the repeal of the Stamp-act."

A Letter from Halifax, says, "We have Advice from Newfoundland, that the French are fortifying St. Peter's; and it is thought that some of the Ships in the Harbour will proceed there to enquire into the Matter."

Another Letter says, "The men of war are all now fitting out, and to be ready for the sea on 24 hours notice."

CHARLES-TOWN, May 20.

THE Schooner, mentioned in our last to have been seen off the Bar on Saturday the 10th Instant, in the Gale of Wind that Captain Redman was lost, proves to be Capt. Doubleday, belonging to Boston, bound in here from the Bay of Honduras, who fortunately weather'd the Gale, and arrived safe on Tuesday last.

Paragraph of a Letter from Georgia, 12th May, 1766.

"Last Night Anderson arrived from London in Nine Weeks, and Seven from the Downs; he brings a full Confirmation of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, and an Account of our having a Lieutenant-Governor appointed for our Province."

A Gentleman who came Passenger is Capt. Anderson to Georgia, and who arrived in Town Yesterday, informs us, That Lord Charles Montagu, appointed Governor of this Province, was to leave England about the same Time he did, so that his Arrival is daily expected.

Yesterday his Majesty's Ship Tryal, Capt. Wallace, sailed on a Cruise. At the same Time the Snow Penn, Capt. Harkies, sailed for North-Carolina, in whom went Passenger, the Right Hon. Charles Lord Hope, who intends to make a Tour through the Northern Colonies for the Recovery of his Health.

The same Day also sailed for Falmouth, his Majesty's Packet Boat the Hillsborough, Captain Leslie Grove; in whom went William Blake, Esq; and Family; Miss Izard; Mr. Huger; and several other Passengers.

To-Morrow the Ship Argo, Captain Cutter, sails for LONDON.

The Publick are hereby cautioned to beware of counterfeit DOLLARS, for such are passing in Town.

May	CUSTOM-HOUSE. ENTRIES INWARD.	From
7th.	Ship Madena, Robert Ratfey,	Cadiz
	Brig Philadelphia Packet, Shepard Eustace,	Bristol
8th.	Brig Mary, Thomas Young,	Lisbon
10th.	Brig Charlestown Packet, T. Eastwick,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Mary, Benjamin Hinson,	Jamaica
13th.	Ship King of Prussia, Leonard Hodgson,	Lisbon
17th.	Sloop March, Thomas Butterfield,	Tortola
	Snow Polly, Thomas Mawbray,	Lisbon
	Brig Boone, Thomas Gellson,	New-York
	Ship Hope, Richard Davies,	St. Andro
	Schooner Adventure, John Williams,	Jamaica
May	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	For
7th.	Sloop Pairless, Nicholas Albouy,	Bermuda
	Ship Madena, Robert Ratfey,	Cowes
8th.	Ship Batchelors, Alexander Urquhart,	Leith
9th.	Sloop Sukey & Nancy, Josiah Dickinson,	Barbados
10th.	Snow Fanny, Ralph Sampson, jun.	Cowes
13th.	Ship King of Prussia, Leonard Hodgson,	ditto
14th.	Schooner Margaret, Robert Harrison,	Antigua
17th.	Ship Hope, Richard Davies,	Cowes
	Snow Polly, Thomas Mawbray,	Martino
May	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	For
7th.	Ship Prince of Wales, James Eggar,	Cowes
	Sloop Ranger, John Burrows,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Hope, Charles Henry,	Antigua
	Brig Rebecca, William Morton,	Gosport
	Brig Jane, John Smith,	Leith
8th.	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gileriff,	St. Kitts
9th.	Ship Duke of York, George Bithop,	Bristol
12th.	Sloop Sword-Fish, Thomas White,	Honduras Bay
14th.	Brig Prudent Jane, James Bogie,	Aveiro
15th.	Ship Charming Sally, Peter Rainier,	Gosport
	Sloop Sukey & Nancy, Josiah Dickinson,	Antigua
	Brig Barbados Packet, Thomas Wilson,	Barbados
16th.	Brig Charlestown Packet, T. Eastwick,	Philadelphia
	Ship Prince of Wales, John Clark,	Fowey
	Sloop King George, James Kay,	Peniscola
	Ship Anne, William Carter,	Barbados
17th.	Ship Nancy, Thomas Dennison,	Oporto
	Ship Argo, William Cuttler,	London
	Sloop Friendship, Benj. Gardner,	Honduras Bay

AS the Subscriber has some Thoughts of removing to Goose-Creek for the Summer Season, he will dispose of his Plantation on Cooper-River, about seven Miles from Charles-Town, late the Property of Mr. Samuel Brailsford, and former Governor Wright's; it is inferior to few Places in the Province on Account of its healthful, pleasant Situation, and the Improvements on it are so well known, as to make a Description of them unnecessary. The Purchaser, if he desires it, may have one or two Years Credit, giving his Bond for the Purchase-Money, with Security, if required.
HENRY MIDDLETON.

On Thursday the 5th of June, 1766, will be sold at publick Vendue, at the usual Place in Charles-town, the following Plantations or Tracts of Land, viz.

ONE Hundred and Fifty Acres in Berkley County and Amelia Township, bounding at the Time of the original Grant thereof to David Boilant, (15th August 1736) on the Lands of James Single, and on all other Sides by vacant Land.

Three Hundred Acres, granted to William Killingworth, Feb. 11, 1762, opposite to Amelia Township, in the Swamp of Santee River, bounding to the Southwest on said River, and on all other Sides on Land then vacant.

One Hundred and Twenty-five Acres, being a Moiety, to wit, the lower Part of two Hundred and Fifty Acres granted to Frederick Matthews, situate on the South Side of Santee River, in Amelia Township, Berkley County, bounding North-eastward on the said River, South-eastward on Samuel Jordan's Land, South-west on said Jordan's, and vacant Land, and North-west on Land vacant at the Time of the original Grant. ----- The above Lands, late the Property of William Killingworth, and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, Pro. Mar.

JUST IMPORTED in the Ship King George, WILLIAM COWARD, Master, from LONDON, sundry GOODS, amongst which are,

CORDAGE, Ship Chandlery, Earthen Ware, Mahogany Chairs, Pipes, Paints and Oils, London Porter, Linens, Iron and Hard-ware: These, with what other GOODS we have on Hand, are to be sold for Cash or short Credit, much under the common Advance.

Also a complete Assortment of striped and plain Silks and Brocades, to be sold at Eight and an Half for One, by
DAVIES & WAYNE.

TO BE SOLD, for no Fault,
AN Irish indentured Servant Maid, who has four Years and an Half to serve. Enquire of Charles Crouch.

SHREB & WHITE,

In the Common Pleas,

JOHN PINSETT,

On Attachment.

WHEREAS George Shred and Sims White, the plaintiffs in this action, did on the first day of October last, file their declaration in the office of the clerk of this honourable court, against John Pinsett, the defendant, who hath no wife or attorney known to be within this province, on whom a copy of the said declaration with a rule to plead thereto might be served. It is therefore in pursuance of an act of assembly, in such case made and provided, hereby ordered, that the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before the second day of October, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixty-six, otherwise final and absolute judgment will be then given and awarded against him:
Office of Common Pleas, 16th May, 1766. D. CAMPBELL, C.C.P.



RAN AWAY the 11th of

April last, and supposed to be harboured or employed in or about Charles-Town, a slim, sensible, extremely artful young NEGRO Wench, named AMY, pitted with the Small-Pox, and frequently stammers in her Speech; she works well at her Needle, and has before now (when out without Leave) been employed by free Negroes, and others: She has a Mother at William Scott, Esqrs. some Acquaintances at the Hon. John Drayton's, and other Plantations near Charles-Town: Had on when she went away, a brown stripe Gown, the Rest of her Dress not remembered. TWO DOLLARS Reward will be paid to any Person that delivers her into the Custody of the Warden of the Work-House; and no Lenity will be shown to whoever can be convicted of having kept the Wench from her Master's Service, by
May 19, 1766. PETER TIMOTHY.

Just imported in the Ship March, Captain Butterfield, from St. Croix,

TWENTY-four Hogheads of good Muscovado SUGAR, to be SOLD, by
May 19, 1766. PRICE, HEST, & HEAD.



For BRISTOL, LONDON, or

GOSPORT,

The Snow GOSPORT,

EDWARD NICHOLAS, Master.

BURTHEN about 130 Tons. For Freight, which will be taken in at Twenty-five Shillings Sterling per Ton; agree with the said Master at Messrs. Brewster & Smith's.

EDWARD NICHOLAS.

Charles-Town, May 17, 1766.

THIS is to give Notice, that BAZILL and JOHN LANNEW, intend to leave this Province in a very short Time, therefore they desire all Persons indebted to them, to make Payment by the first of June; and all those to whom they are indebted, are likewise desired to bring in their Accounts properly attested by the said Day.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Thursday the 15th of June 1766, at my Plantation in Williamsburgh Township, SUNDRY Dry Goods, two Horses, and some Wearing Apparel, belonging to the Estate of Allen Barr, Pedlar, deceased. JOHN FLEMING, Administrator.
All Persons having any Demands on the said Estate, are desired to send in their Accounts properly attested by the Day of Sale.

VILLEPONTOUX & WARING,

HAVE IMPORTED in the Brig Philadelphia Packet, Captain Eustace, from BRISTOL,

EXceeding fine Perry, Cyder, and Taunton Ale, in Bottles; Gloucester and Cheshire Cheese, with sundry other Articles, which they will dispose of reasonable, at their Store on the Bay, the South Corner of Broad-street, near the Watch-House.

They have also to sell, a few very neat New-Market Race Saddles, compleat.

Strayed into Mr. Thomas Screven's Pasture, a Bay Horse, 13 Hands high, about four Years old, with one white Foot, a Star in his Forehead, and branded WI on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock.

Likewise a Grey Horse, thirteen Hands high, about five or six Years old, and branded WI on the mounting Shoulder. The Owner or Owners of the above Strays, may prove their Property before
ROBERT RIVERS, J.P.
James-Island, May 12, 1766.

I Do hereby forbid all Persons whatsoever from hunting, fishing, or running on the land belonging to Mr. William McLaughlin, on Charles-Town Neck, as I have rented the said land, and am determined to prosecute all such offenders.
JOSEPH HUTCHINS.

Who has a small Quantity of very good INDICO SEED for sale.

May 17, 1766.

Goose-Creek, May 19, 1766.

I Am informed of a trotting roan gelding, near 14 hands high, lately trimmed with a bow mane, has black feet, and white spots on his sides: Branded on the mounting shoulder thus S, and on the mounting buttock thus H. The owner may apply, and prove his property before
HENRY SMITH, J.P.

WANTED immediately upon Interest,

FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, for which sufficient Security, by Mortgage of some of as fine Negroes as any in the Province, will be given. Enquire of Charles Crouch.

St. Stephen's, May 15, 1766.

TOLLED by HENRY PAMOR, a black horse, with a small star on his forehead, about 13 hands and an half high, six or seven years old, has an obscure brand on the mounting shoulder somewhat like B, paces and trots.

By WILLIAM LITTLE, a bright bay horse, about twelve hands and an half high, and nine years old, has several saddle spots, branded on the off shoulder with an obscure brand something like O in use, and trots.

By PETER RET, a black horse, thirteen hands high, about eight years old, a small star in his forehead, with a piece out of the right ear, branded on the off buttock OM, a natural trotter, with a bow mane.

The owners of the above strays, are desired to prove their property before me
JAMES LYNNAH.

THE Subscriber being under an indispen-
sible Necessity of collecting in his Debts with the greatest
Expedition, in Order to satisfy his Creditors, who have been
hitherto very indulgent to him, gives this publick Notice to
all concerned, that every Debt due to him, and not paid by
the first Day of July next ensuing, will positively be sued,
and he hopes none will take it amiss, as they must know he
cannot carry on his Business with that Satisfaction to the
Publick, he always hopes to do, unless he can get paid by
his Customers for the just Disbursements and Trouble he is at
on their Account.

ROBERT DILLON.

STOLEN or strayed from *Liberty-Hall*, the 10th of March
last, a black Gelding, upwards of 14 Hands high, is a
Draught Horse; branded on the off Shoulder thus S, on the
Buttock thus 2, and I believe the same on the near Shoulder,
and one white hind Foot. Whoever delivers the said Geld-
ing to me, shall receive Five Pounds Reward.

JAMES FITCH.



TO BE LET,
A NEW Brick Store and
Cellar, in Bedon's street,
with good Rooms over said
Store, which Rooms may be
used with or without the Store, by a Passage
from said Street, and may be taken with
the Store and Cellar, or separate. Enquire
of John M'Call.

Charlestown, May 13, 1766.

ANDREW D'ELLIANT, teacher of the
French language in this town, and **ALEXANDER
ALEXANDER**, late from the college of Philadelphia; beg-
leave to inform the publick, that they intend to open school at
said Mr. D'Elliant's house, above the State-House, in Broad-
street, opposite to Mrs. Hayland's boarding-school, on Mon-
day the 6th of this instant May; where will be taught the
English, French, Latin, and Greek languages grammatically;
likewise writing, vulgar and decimal arithmetic, merchants
accounts, and geography. Any young gentlemen who in-
tend to complete their Studies in any of the neighbouring
colleges, may be duly prepared by studying the higher Latin
and Greek classics, algebra, Euclid's elements and logic, in
the same order and method as at college. Young ladies who
are deprived of the valuable advantage of knowing the learn-
ed languages, may be so far instructed in English grammar
as to be enabled to speak or write their native tongue with as
much Propriety as the best linguists. Boys who have a taste
and talents for oratory, may be taught rhetoric, and to pro-
nounce orations with due action and diction. And as many
may incline to improve themselves in different branches of
Literature at the same time, they may here obviate the incon-
venience of going to different places, and avoid the expence
of employing different teachers. All who choose to favour
them with scholars, may be assured, that they will unite their
endeavours to give all possible satisfaction, and to discharge
the trust reposed in them, with the strictest fidelity and dili-
gence.

Lately imported, in the ship *Brubbers*, from Glasgow, and to
be sold at a store on Messrs. Burn and Cunningham's new
Wharf.

AN Assortment of check handkerchiefs,
check, striped and checked holland, brown ditto, fine
white ditto, white linen, sheeting ditto, damask and diaper
table cloths, ornaburgs, bed ticks of different sorts, plaided
socks, men and womens white thread and cotton hose, col-
oured and stitching thread.

Also a small assortment of jewellery ware, consisting of
pebble buttons set in silver, gold ear-rings, a few breast
buckles, Clark's leather snuff boxes, mounted with pebble
stones set in silver, horn ditto, mounted in the same manner,
which, with sundry other articles, will be sold very cheap for
cash or short credit, by

WILLIAM SIMPSON.

N. B. Any store-keeper may have a quantity of the above
articles, at a few months credit.

TO BE LET ON BERESFORD'S Wharf,
WELL built dry stores of 18 by 32 feet, for 3 heights
of rice, at 15s. per month, or 130s. per annum,
Cellars under the same, for 3 heights of pitch, at 10s. per
month, or 90s. per annum. Lofts above the said stores for
sail-makers, &c. at 7s. per month, or 60s. per annum.
Stores of 20 by 24 feet, for 3 heights of rice, at 12s. per
month, or 100s. per annum. Cellars under the same, for
2 heights of pitch, at 8s. per month, or 70s. per annum.

N. B. All topsail vessels pay 2s. 6d. sloops and schooners
(except coasters) 1s. 6d. per day, for lying at the said Wharf,
and from this time all naval stores, beef, pork, tallow,
flour, beer, cyder, apples, and oil, or other articles, in bar-
rels of that size (except indico) pays no more than sixpence
per barrel landing, with liberty of lying one week, and six-
pence per barrel for each week wharfage they remain thereon
afterwards, as they will be housed in good cellars, or stores,
at the same rate, by the wharfinger.

On the first of November next, the said wharf will be to
let, wheret four schooners can conveniently unload at one
time, or seven by rolling over deck. There is fifteen good
dry stores, with the same number of cellars; eight lofts, a
large vault for naval stores, scale house, good computing-
bench, kitchen and negro house.

Any Person inclinable to rent the said wharf, or stores,
may apply to the subscriber in Charlestown.

WILLIAM LOGAN.

FOUND by a Negro, near Lamboll's
Bridge, A large Pair of carved Silver Shoe Buckles. The
Owner may have them again, proving his Property,
rewarding the Negro for his Honesty, and paying for this
Advertisement, by applying to CHARLES CROUCH, the
Printer of this Paper.

TWO neat Mahogany Desks to be sold cheap by Charles
Crouch, in Elliott Street.

Charlestown, May 13, 1766.

ON the 14th Day of March last, his Honour the Lieu-
tenant Governor was pleased to give his Assent to a
Bill for granting and allowing a further Time to the several
Inhabitants of this Province, and others interested therein,
for the Payment of the Taxes imposed in and by an Act of
the General Assembly of this Province, commonly called the
Tax Act, passed the 6th Day of April 1765. So that all
those Persons living without the Limits of the Parishes of
St. Philip and St. Michael, are to pay in their Taxes to the
several Assessors, on or before the first Tuesday in December
next, and those living within the Limits of the Parishes of
St. Philip and St. Michael, are to pay in their Taxes on or
before the last Tuesday in January next ensuing.

TAKEN up about three Weeks ago, a
Canoe about 18 Feet Keel, stolen from Georgia, by
three Negroes, two the Property of Chief Justice Simpson,
and one of Mr. M'Kenzie. Mr. M'Kenzie's Negro was
about selling her to me, but I judging her to be stolen, as he
could produce no Authority in Writing from any White
Person, apprehended the said Negro, and committed him to
the Work-House, where he now remains, and I was ordered
by Mr. Remington to take Charge of the said Canoe.

May 13, 1766.

DENHAM FARRIS.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ERSKEN HERON, of the Province aforesaid, who is
in the Custody of the Provost-Marshal, by Virtue of a
Writ of *Capias ad Respondendum*, at the Suit of *Robert
Smith*, having petitioned their Honours the Chief Justice,
and his Associates Justices of the Court of Common Pleas,
that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for
the Relief of Insolvent Debtors. It is ORDERED, That
the said *Robert Smith*, and all others to whom the said
Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby sum-
moned and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judi-
cature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or
General Sessions, which shall happen three Months after the
Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the
said Petitioner should not have the Prayer of his Petition
granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Plaid-Office, 15th May, 1766.

Charlestown, May 22, 1766.

ALL persons are hereby desired not to
trust any person in my name, without
an order under my hand, as I will pay no
such accounts after the date hereof.

HENRY SAMWAYS.

TO be sold by the subscriber, a plantation
on Waffamaw, containing 300 acres of land, good
for rice, indico, and corn; has on it a small cypress house,
barn, &c. joining on lands of the estates of Messrs. Lejeau
and Faucheraud. A year's credit will be given, paying in-
terest from the date, and giving security, if required.

HENRY SMITH.

THE subscriber has taken the house of
Mr. William Bampfild, the corner of King and
Queen-streets, and has opened an house of private lodging,
and stabling for country gentlemen and ladies, and will be
obliged to those who will favour him with their custom, as
he hopes to give entire satisfaction.

May 22, 1766.

ANDREW BROUGHTON.

TAKEN up, about the middle of April
last, on the north-side of James-Island, a cypress canoe,
27 feet long, and four and an half feet wide; her bottom
very much worm eaten. Whoever owns the said canoe, may
have her again by applying to me on James-Island.

BENJAMIN STONE.

BROKE a drift from my Landing on Sunday Night, the
9th of February last, a large Cypress CANOE, about
24 or 25 Feet long, and 5 Feet wide, rows with 5 Oars, her
Outside payed with black, the upper Piece of her Stern broke
out, the Pintle of her lower Rudder-Iron broke off, her row
Locks pretty much broke, has got stern Seats and Forecastle,
and had two Oars marked B S on the Blades in her. Who-
ever will give Information of her, so as she may be got, or de-
livers her to Mr. Thomas Verdell in Charlestown, or to me
on James-Island, shall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward.

BENJAMIN STONE.

WILLIAM BROWN,
DYER, IN KING-STREET.

TAKES this Method of thanking his
Friends and Customers, and likewise to inform them
that he is now provided with proper Utensils for dying and
dressing Broad Cloths, and all Sorts of Woollens, and Silks.
He will be greatly obliged to those who favour him with
their Work, which may be left either at his House in King-
street, or at Mr. Henderson's Peruke-Maker, on the Bay.

N. B. He also scours and cleans Gentlemens Cloaths,
laced or plain, in the neatest Manner.



THIS JACK was brought
here last fall 12 months, and now
has proved himself to be very good for
getting of mules, there is one colt al-
ready, and several more are expected.
He covers at Mr. John Waring's plantation, at two pistoles
each mare, and the money sent with them; to oblige those
that will send him employment, he shall continue covering
to the first of July, or longer; if any mares do not prove
with foal this season, another chance will be given the next
gratis. Mr. Waring will not be answerable for any mares
that may be lost, but there will be all possible care taken to
prevent any such accident.

THE Stock of Cattle, with Horses, Hogs,
Plantation Tools, &c. of Mr. Bellamy Crawford, will
be sold at publick Vendue, on the Plantation where he lately
lived at Indian Land.

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber,
whose Contracts are due, are desired to take Notice,
that my own Engagements will not permit me to remain any
longer without Payment. A due Regard to this Notice is
therefore requested from all to indebted to me, otherwise dis-
agreeable Consequences must ensue. JOHN NEUFVILLE.

A LARGE Assortment of Irish Linens,
lately imported, with Variety of other Goods suitable
to the Season, will be sold exactly at the common Advance,
by

JONES & RICHARDSON.

Charles-Town, May 11, 1766.

Just imported in the Brig *Charles-Town Packet*, THOMAS
EASTWICK, Master, from Philadelphia; and to be sold
cheap, by EDWARD BLAKE, at Mr. John Savage's
Store in Tradd-street;

SUPERFINE FLOUR in Barrels, West-India
RUM in Hogheads, Muscovado SUGAR in Hogheads
and Barrels.

N. B. Said BLAKE will engage to furnish any Cargoes
of Lumber, as good and on as early Notice as any Person
in the Country.

TO BE SOLD.

A Very agreeable, pleasant, and profitable
Plantation, or Tract of Land, containing 117 Acres,
on Charles-Town Neck, bounding to the Northwest on
Lands late of Childermas Croft, Esq; deceased, to the East-
ward on the Broad-Road, to the Southward on Lands of Mr.
Bullard, and to the Westward on Ashley-River, late belong-
ing to Branhill Evance, Esq; deceased.

Also, A very valuable Tract of Land, on the Branches
of Coosahatchee and Chuleyfinney Creeks, in Granville
County, containing 2000 Acres, formerly surveyed for Tho-
mas Elliott, Esq; deceased, and afterwards the Property of
Mr. Robert Oswald, deceased.

Also, Part of a Lot of Land in St. Michael's Parish,
Charles-Town, fronting on Church-street and Longitude
Lane, with the new-Buildings and Improvements thereon,
which now let at £. 450 per Annum. For further Particu-
lars, enquire of

CHARLES PINCKNEY.

NOWELL & LORD,

HAVE just imported in the Philadelphia Packet, Captain
EUSTACE, from BRISTOL;

BOTTLED Ale and Cyder, Nails of all Sizes,
Iron Pots, Boys Leather Cups, Chair Harness, Duffel
Blankets, Shot, Bar Lead, Sheet Lead, Frying-pans, *Brid-
port* and *Warrington* Sail Cloth, Sheeting Linen, Sail Twine,
and Sean Twine; which, with an Assortment of GOODS
lately imported from LONDON, they will sell very low, at
their Store on the Bay.

They have a few Barrels of exceeding good Ship Bisket,
which they will sell reasonably.

FENWICK BULL, REGISTER;
BEGS Leave to inform the PUBLICK,

That the OFFICE for Recording Meise Conveyances
and Mortgages on Land, is removed from the House of his
Excellency THOMAS BOONE, Esq; to that occupied by
him, next but one to Mr. JOHN GORDON, Merchant, on
the Bay.

To be Sold at publick Vendue, on Monday
the 9th of June, 1766;

THE Household Furniture, Plate, &c. be-
longing to the Estate of Mr. WILLIAM RAYEN, de-
ceased, at the House on the Bay lately possessed by him. The
Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock.

CHARLES WARHAM, V. M.

Charles-Town, May 20, 1766.

On Tuesday the 3d of June next, will be sold at publick
Vendue, at the usual Place in Charles-Town;

A Very valuable plantation or tract of land,
containing 400 acres, on St. Helena Island, in Gran-
ville County, bounded north-easterly by William Bull, Esq;
and John Tripe's land, southerly by Jacob Cowen's land,
south-westerly on William Bull, Esq's, land, and north-
westerly by William Harvey's land, late the property of
Richard Capers, and sold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, Pro. Mar.

In whose hands a late survey of it may be seen.

At the same Time and Place will be SOLD.

A Very valuable plantation or tract of land,
containing 790 acres, more or less, in Colleton county,
adjoining SW on the land of Robert Young, and NE on
the land of James Stobo, late the property of Archibald
Stobo, jun. and sold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, Pro. Mar.

NATHANIEL BULLINE, living on Charles-Town
Neck, informs me of a black Horse, thirteen Hands
and an Half high, branded on the mounting Shoulder and
Buttock with a Brand not to be described in print.

Also, a brown Cow, marked with a Crop, a Hole, and
under Keel in the right Ear, and an under Keel in the Left.
The Owner or Owners must prove his or their Property
before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

WANTED upon Interest immediately,
about One Thousand Pounds Currency; for which
sufficient Security, by Mortgage of Negroes, will be given.
Enquire of Charles Crouch.

Charles-Town, May 1, 1766.

PURSUANT to the Directions of the Act for regulating
the Affize of BREAD, I have enquired the Price of
FLOUR, and find that made in and imported from the
Northern Colonies to be at Five Pounds per 100 lb. and that
made in this Province at Four Pounds per 100 lb. at which
Prices the Half Crown Loaves must weigh, when Flour is
at Five Pounds per Hundred Weight;

White 1 lb. Wheaten 1 lb. Household 4 lb.

At Four Pounds per Hundred Weight.

White 1 lb. 6 oz. Wheaten 1 lb. 12 oz. Household 4 lb.

JACOB MOTTE, Publick-Treasurer.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at the New-Printing-Office in ELLIOTT-STREET,
the Corner of GADSDEN'S ALLEY, where SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADVERTISEMENTS, and LETTERS of INTELLIGENCE, &c. are received for
this PAPER, and where all Manner of PRINTING WORK is performed with CARE and EXPEDITION.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 30th of April last, a German Servant Lad, named John Seyfert, about 15 Years old, but luffy for that Age; has short fair Hair, a full Face, marked with the Small-Pox, short Neck, round bluff Nose, and a large Scar, from some Ulcer or Wound, on his left Leg: Had on a blue pea Jacket, and Trowsers of white Negro Cloth, pretty much worn; he carried away a Cypress Canoe, which rows only with two Oars. Whoever takes up the above Servant, and delivers him to the Warden of the Work-House, or to the Subscriber in St. Thomas's Parish, shall receive Ten Pounds Currency Reward, besides Two Pounds for the Canoe. All Persons entertaining or employing the above Servant, may depend on being prosecuted with the utmost Rigour of the Law.

JAMES ROULAIN.

RAN away, at the same Time, from Charlestown, and supposed to be gone with the Servant belonging to Mr. Roulain, a Dutch Servant Lad, who answers to the Name of PETER, short sandy Hair, grey Eyes: Had on a blue short Jacket, with large plain Brass Buttons, and blue Leggings; he speaks French. Whoever brings him to his Master in Charlestown, shall receive Two Pounds Sterling Reward, paid by

ISAAC HUGER.

Just imported in the Brig Philadelphia Packet, Shepard Esquire, Master, from Bristol,

TAUNTON Ale, Beer and Cyder, Sail Cloth, Quern and Grind Stones, Hunter and Tavern Pipes, striped Duffel, Crates of Stone Ware, fine Salt, and Iron Pots, to be sold cheap, for Cash or short Credit, by

INGLIS, LLOYD, & Co.

WANTED immediately, a Quantity of Bark, for which Cash will be paid on the Delivery,

ISAAC PEACE.

CHRISTOPHER FEGHTMAN,
STAY-MAKER, from LONDON;

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he has removed from the House he formerly lived in near St. Philip's Church, into Mrs. Cooper's House above the State-House, in Broad-street, opposite to Mrs. Hoyland's Boarding-School, where he continues to follow his Trade of Habit and Stay Making, in all its Branches, and doubts not, from his Care and Knowledge of his Business, to give intire Satisfaction to his Employers.

His Wife, continues also to follow her Business of Mantua Making; and hopes to merit the Favour of the Ladies that employ her.

All Persons that please to favour them with their Custom, may depend on the best Usage, Care, and Dispatch, and on being served upon the lowest Terms.

MR. Henry Geisendaner, tells a black Horse about thirteen Hands and a Half high, about 8 Years old; branded on the mounting Shoulder thus *g-i*. The Owner may prove his Property, before me at Orangeburgh.

GAVIN FOU.

Purrysburgh, May 8, 1766.

STOLEN out of my Field in November last, a white Horse, 5 Years old, branded *IW* in one: Five Pounds Reward, and all reasonable Charges will be paid to the Person, who shall deliver the said Horse to me at Purrysburgh.

JACOB WALDBURGER.

WANTED immediately,

A Large Quantity of Cedar, not less than 7 Feet 8 Inches square; no Objection will be made to any Size above the aforesaid Measure. Any Person having such to dispose off, and can deliver it either in Town, or at a good Landing, may hear of a Purchaser, by applying to Charles Crouch.

THE Owners of the following Creatures may have them, by proving their Property, and applying to the Subscriber, viz. a brown Bay, or Mouse coloured trotting Gelding, with one white Hoof, 12 and an Half Hands high: Branded on the mounting Shoulder thus *A I*, in one Piece, and on the Buttock something like *I Z*, left in the Pasture of Jonathan Fowler at Monck's-Corner. The other, a brown Bay Horse about 12 and an Half Hands high: Branded on the mounting Shoulder like *gD* in one Piece, in my Possession.

HENRY RAVENELL, J. P.

May 9th, 1766.

TO BE LET, a convenient Dwelling-House, consisting of four Rooms and a Cellar, contiguous to the one I live in, near Lyttelton's Bastion.

JOHN MURRAY.

WE, the poor Prisoners confined in Charles-Town Goal, beg Leave to return our most grateful Acknowledgments to the Gentlemen and others, who were so charitable as to consider our poor, unhappy and miserable Situation for some Time past, by sending us Money and other Necessaries: And also for the Sum of Thirty One Pounds given to Mr. Dunnagan by Roger Pinckney, Esq; Provost-Marshal, to be applied for our Relief: And that we have the highest Regard and Veneration for our good Benefactors; and as such, shall ever retain our warmest Wishes for their Health and Happiness.

Dated the 9th Day of May, 1766.

WHEREAS several Acts of Disorder and Trespass have lately been committed upon the Plantation known by the Name of THE DISTILLERY, by Sailors and others, under Pretence of going for Ships Water, We the Subscribers being Owners of said Plantation, do therefore request as a favour that no Captains of Ships, save such as have our Permission in Writing, will allow their Boats or People to go thither upon any such Errand; and we do hereby forwarn at their Peril, all other Persons whatever from going to, or frequenting the said Plantation upon any Pretext whatever, unless upon our Business, when an Order in Writing will be given to, and required from them, as we are determined to prevent, as much as in our Power, such Abuses in future, by punishing as the Law directs all such Offenders, after this 20th Day of May, 1766.

TOKRANS, FOAUG, & Co.

A Cargo of fine LIMES, just arrived, to be sold cheap, by ANNE FORRESTER, in Bedon's Alley. Wanted directly, a young Buck and Doe. Apply as above.

WANTED on Interest immediately, One Thousand Pounds Currency, for which undeniable Security will be given. For Particulars, enquire of CHARLES CROUCH.

I AM informed of a Bay Horse about 15 Hands high, with black Feet, branded on the mounting Shoulder *S I*.

Likewise of a dark Bay Stallion about 15 Hands and an Half high, with a little Piece cut out of each Ear, has no Brand. The Owner must apply to

Geoff-Creek, April 30, 1766. HENRY SMITH, J. P.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber, a Mulatto Fellow, formerly named CUBBINNA, but now JOHN, was formerly the Property of Joshua Lawton, of St. Christophers, sent to this Province for Sale, and was sold to me by Mr. Josiah Smith, on the 10th of November 1762: The said Fellow artfully endeavoured to pass for a Freeman, and under the Name of John Lawton: He has a very heavy down-cast Look, has a Scar over his right Eye amongst the Hair, one of his middle Fingers a little crooked; and often appears in red, with white, Calicoe, and striped Jackets: The said Fellow was seen to pass over Ponpon-Bridge, with a Bundle of Clothes on his Back, on Sunday the 4th Instant. Whoever apprehends the said Fellow, and delivers him to the Warden of the Work-House, or to me at Granville-Bastion, shall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, and reasonable Charges paid, by

THOMAS MAUR, Sail-Maker.

N. B. Said Fellow is a Sail-Maker May 12, 1766.

BENJAMIN HAWES,

Sells all sorts of OIL and COLOURS, dry and prepared, by Wholesale and Retail, viz.

W HITE and red lead,	Lump and powder lampblack,
Venetian red,	Blacklead,
Stone, spruce, cake & English ochre,	Roll brimstone,
Purple and Spanish brown,	Powdered Dutch brasi,
Umber,	Gold and silver leaf,
English, French, and distilled verdigrise,	Glue, size and whitening,
Flake white,	Hard and common varnish,
Indian red,	Red and white argil,
Cullums earth,	Nut galls,
Tarrawent,	French Berries,
Gold size and litharge,	Chip and ground logwood,
Kings and Naples yellow,	Lined, drying, turpentine,
Bister,	nut, rape, palm, olive, Ge-
Blue bice,	non, Florence, train, white,
Blue and green vediter,	chamberlamb, neat-foot and
English, Dutch & brown pink,	fish oils,
Carmine,	Turpentine varnish, and oil of
Vermilion,	tar,
Drop lake,	Rotten stone,
Prussian blue,	Pitch and tar,
Yellow and red orpiment,	Bees wax,
Sap green,	Hogs lard,
Gumbooge,	Black and yellow rosin,
White copperas,	Common turpentine,
Shells of all colours,	Gum sandarack, arabick, fe-
Crayons of all colours,	neca, and dragon,
Brushes and tools of all sorts,	Fine calcind & flowing finalts,
Pencils of all kinds,	Fig and flat indico,
Pallat boards and knives,	Blackening balls,
Paint stones and mullers,	Fullers earth,
Red chalk,	Scouring paper,
India ink,	Neat glass lanterns,
Blue black,	Crown, Bristol, Newcastle and
Florey black,	sheet glass, cut to any di-
Ivory black,	mension,
	Glaziers diamonds, &c. &c.

FLOOR CLOTHS of all sorts painted in a durable manner, and as neat as in London.

Said Hawes having a number of hands in the painting, glazing and plumbing businesses, proposes to work as cheap as possible; in the mean-time, he requests those that have open accounts with him, to discharge the same immediately, else, when the courts open, their neglect may prove fatal to him.

TO be sold, for no Fault, an Irish indent

Servant Maid, who is an excellent Sempstress, and has upwards of four Years to serve. Enquire of CHARLES CROUCH, at his Printing-Office, in Elliott-street.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE,

Jan. 9, 1766. A new Negro Fellow of the Papa Country, calls himself DUBAU, marked in the Face with his Country Marks, and has on white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up at Stono.

March 6. A negro fellow, a little yellowish in the face, says his name is CHARLES PALMER, and was born in Spanish-Town, in one Mr. Burden's house, in Serpent-street, Jamaica, and is free, but has no certifice to show for his freedom; that he did belong to his majesty's ship Mercury, Samuel Goodall, Esq; commander, five years; and since has been on the coast of Africa in the snow Dispatch, capt. Walter Taylor: He is about 35 years of age, has two large scars across his breast, and a brand on his right shoulder like *TR* in one, not very plain: Taken up in the night of the 5th instant, in Charlestown, by the watch.

April 4. A well set new negro fellow of the Yalunka country, who calls himself SIMON, but can't tell his master's name, has on old white negro cloth jacket and breeches, a scar on his upper lip, with filed teeth. Taken up at Mr. Whitemarsh Fuller's plantation on Ashley-River.

April 19th. A negro lad of the Angola country, who speaks very broken English, can't tell his master's name, but says his own name is TAPPY, has on an old black negro cloth rapper, and white trowsers, his country marks on his breast, filed teeth, a small scar across his left shoulder. Taken up at Penny Creek, near Ponpon.

April 23. A tall slim fellow named WILT, formerly the Property of Mr. Francis Lamon of Beach-hill, he was shipped off by Mr. William Logan, in March 1765, and sold in Jamaica, the 13th of August following, to Mr. Michael Caffey, by Joseph Hutchinson, Esq; and has since made his escape from thence to this province. He is of the Mandingo country, and has on a black jacket, with a brown one underneath, leather breeches, stockings and shoes. Taken up in Charles-Town.

ALEXANDER LEARMONTH Tanner and Currier, at his Tan-Yard on White Point, near to Lamboll's Bridge, returns his sincere and hearty Thanks to his Friends for their past Favours, and hopes they shall alwise have Reason to continue them; he at the same Time will be very much obliged to those whose Accounts have been due for some Time, that they will call and settle with him, as they most all know very well, that no Person concerned in the Tanning Trade can afford to give long Credit, and much more so in these truly hard Times.

Whoever may please to deal with him, may depend upon having better Leather than has yet been manufactured in this Province, and dealt with upon as low Terms as possible he can. Tanned and curried Leather, of all Kinds, sold at the above Tannery; also tanned Leather taken in and curried for all Uses, and at a moderate Charge.

Any Person willing to supply me for this Season with good Bark, to be landed at Lamboll's Bridge, will be glad to treat with them at my House near White Point.

N. B. A small Quantity of very neat Mens Saddles, Also some Mens and Womens Shoes to be sold cheap to any Person who will take the whole.



FOR LONDON,

COWES, and a MARKET,

OR PORTUGAL,

THE SHIP HOPE,

EDWARD DAVIES, MASTER.

A handy Vessel.

FOR Freight or Passage (being well accommodated) apply to said Master, or MIDDLETON, LESTON, and HOPE.

FOUND by a Negro Fellow a few Days since, on Simmons's Wharf, a Piece of striped Linen. The Owner upon describing it, may have it again, by applying to

BENJAMIN ROBERTS.

TAKEN up drifting over the Bar of

Charlestown, a Ship's Boat, about 20 Feet long by the Keel, and rows with four Oars, with two Thoughts in her, and one Step for a Mast; painted inside her Gunwale and Stern, green. She looks to be newly paid over her Bottom with Tar and Turpentine. Whoever owns her, may have her again, paying Charges, and proving his Property before

JOHN TROUP, J. P.

A CANOE, about twenty Feet long, and three Feet wide, was taken from some run-away Negroes, and is now at my Plantation near the Quarter-house.

BENJAMIN SMITH.

N. B. Some Turkeys and Tallow was also taken from the above Negroes.

At the Sign of the STATE-COACH, behind St. Philip's Church.

HAWES & LAUGHTON,

PERFORM the coach and coach-harness businesses in all their various branches, viz. Coaches, Chariots, Phetons, four wheel Chaises, Post-Chaises, Italian and Chinese Chaises, Sedan Chaises in the newest fashion, the harness made of the best leather, and will be found, upon trial, superior to those imported. Likewise the wheelwright's business, viz. Waggon, Carri, Drays, Trucks, Wheelbarrows, Ploughs, &c. carried on at the same place, by UZ. ROGERS, who has a model for the more easy conveying rice, lumber, &c. from plantations to their landings.

Country Produce will be taken in Payments.

N. B. A neat London made Curricie with steel-springs, and two second hand Riding-Chairs, to be disposed of, or let by the day or month.



WEYMAN & CARNE,

INFORM their Friends, that they new Quick-Silver and Frame old Glasses, and removes all Spots and Stains which prevent them from regularly reflecting the Objects placed before them, at their **LOOKING-GLASS SHOP** in QUEEN-STREET, near Mr. Holliday's (late Cannon's).

They have imported an Assortment of Plate Glass, which they will dispose of either in Frames, or supply People to their own Frames. Those who may be pleased to deal with them in the above-mentioned Business, or in any of the several Branches of CABINET-MAKING, they will be very much obliged to for their Custom.

To be Let, and entered upon immediately.



A Convenient House and large GARDEN, in Ansonburgh, lately in the Possession of Mrs. GRAVES. For Particulars, enquire of

PETER PORCHER.

TO BE SOLD, exceeding good Hand pick'd INDICO SEED, fresh beat-out, and warranted to be good. Apply to

STEDMAN & BOOMER.

To be Let, and entered upon immediately.



THE STORES on the Bay, formerly possessed by the late Solomon Isaacks, and lately in the Possession of Messieurs Amory & Taylor. Apply to

THOMAS SHIRLEY.

TO BE LET, for £. 250 per Annum. THE Front Store, Compting-Room, and Cellar, of the House where CHARLES CROUCH now lives in.

THE Co-partnership of the Subscribers
having been some Time ended, Samuel Gaillard having retired from Business; and Theodore Gaillard, junior, intending to leave the Province in June next; therefore there is an absolute Necessity of settling their Affairs as soon as possible, they give this public Notice to all indebted to them, to discharge their respective Debts, or otherwise settle to their Satisfaction, before the 15th of June next. Those who do not avail themselves of this Notice, may depend after the above Day to find their Accounts in the Hands of an Attorney at Law, to be sued for without Respect of Persons.
THEODORE GAILLARD, jun.
SAMUEL GAILLARD.

TO be sold cheap at my house on the bay,
best New-York Madera wine by the pipe, quarter-cask, and by the dozen, good old Antigua, and other West-India rum by the hoghead, quarter-cask, or smaller quantity, best muscovado sugar by the hoghead, or cask; coffee by the cask, or bags; fresh limes by the barrel, thousand, or the hundred. Likewise the schooner MARGARET, carrying about 250 barrels of rice, is a prime sailer, built at Whynah; when loaded draws only six feet six inches water. Also five fine sailor slaves, for cash, or twelve months credit, giving security, if required, by
THOMAS BUCKLE.

ALL Persons who have any Demands on
the Estate of Charles Fauchaud, late of St. James Parish, Goose-Creek, deceased, are desired to make them known to me by the 10th of next Month; and all those who are indebted to the said Estate are to pay the same by that Day, as there is an absolute Necessity of making a speedy Division of the said Estate. BENJAMIN SMITH, of St. James, Goose-Creek, Executor. May 3, 1766.

ANY Gentleman that shall think proper
to have a Number of Slaves taught the clothing Manufacture, both Woolen and Linen, in all its Branches, most suitable for this Country, viz. narrow Broad-cloth, Serge, Sail Duck, Negro Cloth, Red Rugs, Bed Ticking, Bagging, Coverlets for Beds, Cotton for Men or Womens Wear, in most Fashions, Ozonaburgs, and fine Linen. He likewise will teach the Raising of Hemp and Flax, and the Spinning of both; he will take the Cotton, Flax and Hemp from the Seed; and the Wool from the Sheeps Back, and compleat the whole. Any Gentleman that thinks proper to encourage the above Branches of Business, may hear of a Person capable of performing them, by enquiring of the Printer, and see the Scheme, and the Benefits arising therefrom. The above Person has Credentials from Pennsylvania and Virginia, where he has taught two Factories of this Kind since the Year 1749.

FOR LEITH,
To sail the 20th May,
THE SHIP BACHELORS,
ALEXANDER URQUHART,
MASTER,
For Freight or Passage, apply to said
Master at Burn's New-Wharf.

Colleton County, May 6, 1766.
THIS is to give Notice to the Inhabitants of St. John's Parish, as well Residents as Non-residents, that are possessed of Lands, Slaves, and Monies at Interest, that on the 11th of March last, being Easter-Monday, the following Assentment was made to support the Poor in said Parish, viz.
On all Slaves, 2s per Head.
On all Lands, 2s per 100 Acres.
And on all Money at Interest, 1s per Cent.
Which they are required to pay to Mr. Daniel Townsend, on Edisto Island; and on John's and Wadmelaw Islands, to the Subscribers,
THOMAS ARNOLD, } Church-wardens.
WILLIAM SAMS. }

TO BE SOLD,
THE indentures of a few Servants from the North of Ireland, who have Certificates of their good Behaviour from their Infancy; and as the Ship by which they came, is near ready for Sea, they will be disposed of on very reasonable Terms, by
TERRANS, POAUG, & Co.
N. B. A Quantity of excellent light Liverpool Ale in Bottles, to be sold at 40s per Dozen.

DAVID DOUGLASS,
INTENDING to depart this Province very soon, desires the Favour of those who are indebted to him to discharge their Accounts, and those who have Demands on him to come and receive Payment. May 6, 1766.

GEORGE SMITH intreats the Favour of those indebted to him for Negroes, or on any other Account, that is become due, to make speedy Payment, otherwise they will be sued before the Return-Day for July: And those that remain indebted to SMITH & SCOTT, may depend on being sued immediately after the Courts are opened. It is hoped every one concerned will avail themselves of this Notice, and prevent their being applied to, by William Barrows, Esq. Said Smith has Jamaica and Windward Island Rum, to be sold cheap by the Hoghead for Cash.

JOHN JOHNSTON, WATCHMAKER,
INTENDING for England, will leave this Province (for some Time) about the 30th Instant. The remaining Part of his Goods on Hand he will sell off at prime Cost and Charges, and all his other Effects very cheap. He returns his grateful Thanks to his Friends and Customers for all their Favours, and begs those who have Watches in his Hands to receive them before the Day mentioned for his Departure. All who have Accounts against him are desired to bring them in, and all those indebted to him to discharge the same immediately.
N. B. A handy Negro Boy, and a Horse 13 Hands high, exceeding good of his Inches, and used to feed about Town.

A FEW Bushels Indico Seed, warranted
to be as good as any in the Province, also good Bacon and Bacon Hams, to be sold by
LIND & CHOVIN.

PHILIP TIDYMAN gives this public Notice, that he intends to leave this Province about the middle of June, therefore desires all those that have been indebted to him upwards of Six Months, to call and pay him before the first of June, otherwise they will be sued without distinction; those to whom he is indebted may call and receive Payment.
His large Stock of Jewellery will be sold very low for Cash.

CHOICE good warranted INDICO SEED, to be sold, by
JOHN WAGNER.

THE Subscribers having already waited an
unreasonable Time with those indebted to them, GIVES THIS PUBLIC NOTICE to all concerned, That they expect speedy Payment will be made them, which will greatly oblige, as well as enable them to discharge the Debts due by them: And as they are determined not to admit of the usual Excuses, and Promises of Payment to be made the next Year, those concerned will do well to pay due Regard to this, as the next Notice they receive will be from an Attorney at Law, so soon as the Courts begin to do Business.

SHACKELFORD & LUPTON.
George-Town, April 2d, 1766.

TO BE SOLD very Cheap, for Cash or short Credit.
BEST single and FF Gun Powder, just
imported in the Ship Nancy, John Parker, Master, from London, also Linseed Oil in Casks, at 25s per Gallon, and Glauber Salts, at 30s per Cwt. by
PRICE, HEST, & HEAD.

AMORY & TAYLOR,
TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public; they are removed from the Bay to Gadfield's Alley, next Door to Crouch's Printing-Office, where they intend to dispose of the remaining Part of their Goods at Eight and an Half for one,
Consisting of Articles as follows, viz.
MENS and Womens Saddle, and Brush, Saddle Furniture of all Sorts, Paint ground in Oil, Chair Saddles and Whips, Boots, and Boot Garters, Saddle Trees and Portman, Plated Spurs, and Buckles, teats, Scots Snuff, Mens and Womens Leather Lampblack in Pound Papers, Shoes, Sail-Cloth, Boys and Childrens ditto, Negro ditto, Womens and Girls Stuff do, Ditto Blankets, Earthen Ware of all Kinds, Bottle Beer, and Cyder, Glass Ware, and Tin ditto, Long Pipes, Mens and Boys Felt Hats, Short ditto, &c. &c.
N. B. Merchants and others, that takes a Quantity, may be supplied on the same Terms, as if imported by themselves.

SUPER-FINE Flour in Kegs and half
Barrels, and Hopkins's middling Bread in Kegs, just arrived in Captain Eastwick, from Philadelphia. Which with a general Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the present Season of the Year, just imported in Capt. Barnes, and other late Vessels from London, will be sold as reasonable as any Store in the Province can afford them, by
THOMAS STONE, jun.

PRICE, HEST, & HEAD,
HAVE just imported in the Ship Nanny, Thomas Dennison, Master, from LIVERPOOL, and to be sold on reasonable Terms, at their Store on the BAY.

A Compleat Assortment of Irish Linen---
Ozonaburgs---Negro Cloth---White Port Wine in Quarter Casks---Red Port in three Dozen Hampers---Yellow Ware in Crates---And fine white Stove dried Salt.

JUST IMPORTED from England, and to be Sold cheap, by
BERNARD & JUGIEZ,
At their LOOKING-GLASS Store in Walnut-Street, between Front and Second-Street, Philadelphia.

A LARGE assortment of LOOKING-GLASSES of all Sorts, Sconces and Chimney-pieces; Girondels and Tea Chests; also a great Variety of Figures, large and small Busts in Plaster of Paris, and Brackets for Ditto; likewise Varnishes for Coaches, and other different Sorts.

N. B. Gentlemen or Ladies that want Paper Machie Ceiling, may be supplied at reasonable Terms.

THOMAS BARKER, who served his
Majesty in the 48th Regiment, while we lay here, deserted, and was taken up some Time after, by one Brown, a Lieutenant, who swore, if I did not make Oath that Mr. Joshua Lockwood had harboured, and persuaded me to desert, he would whip me to Death. The Oath I solemnly declare was entirely false and groundless; it was extorted from me, who was then but a Boy, and hope God will forgive me, as Mr. Lockwood has. And as a further Acknowledgment I have paid unto Mr. Lockwood the Sum of 55 £, which was extorted from him, with Interest. Witness my Hand.
THOMAS BARKER.

STRAYED or stolen out of Dr. Murray's
Plantation near Charlestown, a very light grey Gelding, about nine Years old, 14 Hands high, or better, canters and paces slow, with a Switch Mane and Tail: Branded on the near Buttock thus B. Whoever delivers the said Gelding to the Subscriber in Charlestown, shall have Ten Pounds Reward and Charges paid.
JOHN WARD.

N. B. Wanted immediately a Journeyman Taylor who is well acquainted in the Business, and may be depended on for his Sobriety; such an one will meet with good Encouragement, by applying as above.

ANDREW ANDERSON & JEREMIAH RYAN,
TAYLORS lately from LONDON;

WHERE they both wrought in the most eminent Shops, and have made themselves Masters of the Business; begs Leave to acquaint the Public, that they carry on their Trade at the BLUE BALL in Meeting-street, opposite to Mr. Blake's new Buildings. All Gentlemen who please to favour them with their Custom, may depend on being served with the quickest Dispatch, and having their Work done in the greatest Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.
N. B. Ladies Riding-habits made in the newest Fashions.

THE Co-Partnership of LOGAN, GUERIN,
and VANDERHOUT, having expired in July last, at which Time they gave Notice in the Gazette, that all Accounts due to them: that remained unsettled the first Day of January last, would be put in suit, which would certainly have been the Case, without any Disfranchisement, had the Courts been opened: They have since informed those concerned by Letter, to which very little Regard has been paid. They are therefore for the last Time to inform every Person indebted to them, whose Accounts are still open, that unless they are paid, or settled to their Satisfaction, by the first Day of June next, they may depend their Accounts will be sued, as they cannot possibly wait longer.
N. B. The Books, &c. are lodged at the House of ELIAS VANDERHOUT, on the Bay, near the Watch-House.

STOCKER & JACKSON,
Have just imported in the Carolina Packet, Capt. Robson, and the Two Friends, Capt. Bull, from LONDON, and the Balrick Merchant, Capt. Clarkson, from BRISTOL.

A LARGE and COMPLETE Assortment of
European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching Season; which, with CHOICE Madera and Vidonia WINES; by the Pipe, Quarter Cask, or in any Quantity not less than three Gallons; and by the Dozen Bottles, Jamaica, West-India; and Northward RUM; COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, Loaf and Muscovado SUGAR, SALT, a large Assortment of Family MEDICINES, Ship Bread, Flour in Barrels and Kegs, Biskot, &c. to be sold at their Store in Charlestown, and at Crown-Point, STONO, near the Bridge formerly Mr. Rantowles, on very reasonable Terms.
N. B. Very fine HYSOON TEA.

GEORGE PARKER,
BEGS Leave to inform his Friends and Customers, that he is now removed his Store on the Bay into Church-Street, the Corner of Elliott-Street, lately possessed by Messrs. GLEN & SON; and hath imported in the last Vessels from LONDON and BRISTOL, a complete Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, proper for the present and approaching Season, which he will dispose off exactly TEN for ONE; and will be much obliged to his Friends, both in Town and in the Country, who may favour him with their Custom. COUNTRY PRODUCE will be taken in Payment.

N. B. He has an Assortment of best London Sail Cloth, from No. 1 to 8, Cordage, Grapnels, Quern Stones, Trains and Linseed Oil, Paints of all Kinds, Green, Hyson and Bohca Tea, single and double refined Sugar, exceeding fine Coffee, with a great Variety of plain and embossed Paper Hangings, all new Patterns, just imported. Also a Variety of Pictures, &c. &c. which he will sell very cheap.

CHARNOCK & KING,
WILL now sell off any Part of their remaining Stock, at Nine for One. Credit to the first of January, 1767.

Among which are a few rich Silks, some fine Irish Linens, printed Gown Patterns, Calicoes, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation, consisting of three tracts of land, beautifully situated on Waccamaw-river, about seven miles from Georgetown, either by land or water, containing 624 acres, old measure; the tract on the neck runs from river to sea, has some good sea-shore indico land on it, a good new dwelling-house with two brick chimnies, and other out conveniences; the other two tracts are swamp land; one island just across the river, containing by estimation about 170 acres of as good lands as any in the province, late the property of Dr. Alexander M'Dowall, deceased. Whoever inclines to purchase, may see the deeds and titles in the hands of Thomas Godfrey in George-Town, and treat with
GEORGE-GAB. POWELL,)
WILLIAM ALLSTON,) Execrs.
THOMAS GODFREY,)

All persons indebted to the said estate are desired to make payment by the first day of May next, as on failure they may depend on finding their accounts in the hands of an attorney at law, without further notice; and those to whom it is indebted (particularly the bond creditors) to send in their accounts by that day.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land in St. Bartholomew's Parish, in Colleton County, near Godfrey's Savannah, containing 423 Acres, whereof 150 Acres is good Rice Land, Tupelo Swamp, the Rest Corn and Indico Land. The said Tract butts and bounds on the East on Land belonging to Mr. Thomas Timmon's; to the West on Land belonging to Mr. Joseph Perry; the other two Sides on Land unknown; and is near a good Landing. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with Edward Perry, Esq.

STOLEN in March last, out of Mr. Edmund Bellinger's Plantation, on Ashley-River, a dapple grey Gelding, about 15 Hands high, paces a little. Branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock ID, and on the off Buttock the same. Likewise a light dun coloured Gelding, about 14 and an Half Hands high, paces when rode: Branded on the off Shoulder RK in One. Whoever delivers said Horses to the Subscriber shall receive Five Pounds for each.
JOHN BELLINGER.